Multi-Technology Wall Mounted Occupancy Sensor

Cat. No. OSW12-RM

To be used with 24VAC/VDC OSPxx Series and CN100 Power Pack or other Class 2 power supplies

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

WARNINGS AND CAUTIONS:

- · TO AVOID FIRE, SHOCK, OR DEATH; TURN OFF POWER AT CIRCUIT BREAKER OR FUSE AND TEST THAT POWER IS OFF BEFORE WIRING!
- Bonding between conduit connections is not automatic and must be provided as part of the installation.
- If you are unsure about any part of these instructions, consult an electrician
- · Sensors must be mounted on a vibration free surface.

CATALOG ITEMS Operating Current Catalog No Description Relay Range Frequenc OSW12-RMW 24mA DC, 45mA AC 1A @30VAC/VDC 15-28VAC/VDC 32KHz 1200 sq. ft.

WARNINGS AND CAUTIONS:

- To be installed and/or used in accordance with electrical codes and regulations.
- · All sensors must be mounted at least 6 feet away from air vents.
- · Do not mount sensors closer than 10 feet from each other. · Do not touch the surface of the lens. Clean outer surface with a damp cloth only.

Tools needed to install your Sensor

Slotted/Phillips Screwdriver Cutters

Electrical Tape

Parts included list

Sensor (1) #8-32 x 1/2" Screw (2) #8-32 x 1-1/2" Screw (2) #8-32 Washer and Nut (2)

DESCRIPTION

The Occupancy Sensor is a low-voltage infrared sensor that works with the OSPxx Series and CN100 power pack, or other Class 2 power supplies, to automatically control lighting. The sensor turns the lights on and keeps them on whenever occupancy is detected and will turn them off after the 'delayed-off time' has expired. The sensor continually analyzes and adjusts to changing conditions. The sensor uses

the latest microprocessor-based technology which permits it to continually adjust and optimize its performance.

Infrared motion detection gives higher false triggering immunity that yields a sensor with excellent performance

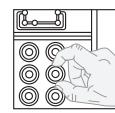
INSTALLING YOUR OCCUPANCY SENSOR

NOTE: Use check boxes $\sqrt{}$ when Steps are completed.

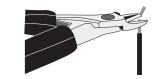


WARNING: TO AVOID FIRE, SHOCK, OR DEATH; TURN OFF POWER at circuit breaker or fuse and test that power is off before wiring!





Preparing and connecting wires:





Strip Gage (measure bare wire here)

Typical Installations:

Listed are 3 typical installation options (A, B and C). Choose one that best suits your needs. Other methods of installation may be possible but they have not been described here. Note that the wall sensor can be wall mounted or ceiling mounted simply by rotating the neck. This gives greater flexibility in attaining the desired coverage.

A. Wall or Ceiling Installation Using Screws (Mounting Option A):

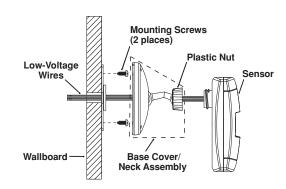
NOTE: You may use the mounting screws, nuts and washers included, or screws in combination with commercially available wall anchors.

- 1. Select location for mounting of sensor for your application (refer to Mounting Location Diagram).
- 2. Make a hole in the wallboard or ceiling large enough to pass the wire connections and wire nuts through (approximately 1" diameter).
- 3. Drill holes for mounting screws using mounting base as template.

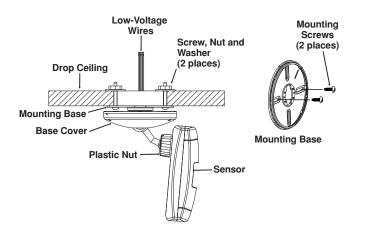
Step 3 cont'd

- 4. Install the mounting base of the wall sensor to the wallboard or ceiling using the included screws, nuts and washers.
- 5. Pass wires through the base cover/neck assembly (refer to Mounting Option Diagram A)
- Class 2 Wiring: Connect low-Voltage wires from Power Pack to Sensor per WIRING DIAGRAM as follows: Twist strands of each lead tightly and, with circuit conductors, push firmly into appropriate wire connector. Screw connectors on clockwise making sure that no bare conductor shows below the wire connectors. Secure each connector with electrical tape.
- 7. Push wire connections through the center hole of the back cover and into the wall or ceiling.
- 8. Snap neck and base cover onto mounting base in the desired orientation. Align arrows on mounting base and base cover, push on and turn to lock base cover to mounting base
- 9. Push wires through the hole and begin to fasten the plastic nut around the back of the sensor body. Move the sensor body to the desired orientation and then continue to tighten the nut around the sensor body. **NOTE:** The neck is a two position assembly with catches to hold it in position for either ceiling or wall
- 10. Restore power at circuit breaker or fuse to Power Pack. INSTALLATION IS

Mounting Option Diagram A Occupancy Sensor Mounted to Wallboard Using Screws



Occupancy Sensor Mounted to Wallboard or **Drop Ceiling Using Screws, Nuts and Washers**



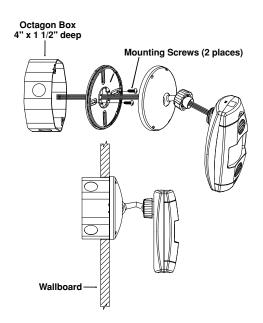
Step 3 cont'd

B. Wall or Ceiling Using Junction Box or Surface Mount Raceway Installation (refer to Mounting Diagrams):

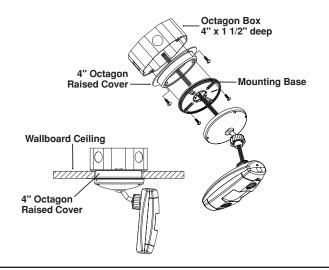
NOTE: You may use the mounting screws, nuts and washers included, or screws in combination with commercially available wall anchors.

NOTE: Listed below are suggested JUNCTION BOX installation applications which require mounting to conduit in one of the following ways.

Mounting Option Diagram B Occupancy Sensor Mounted to Octagon Box Installed Flush to Wallboard



Occupancy Sensor Mounted to Octagon Box Installed Flush to Wallboard Ceiling or Drop Ceiling



Step 3 cont'd

Occupancy Sensor Mounted to Wallboard Using Round Fixture with Raceway

Wire Mold Round Fixture Box Cat. No. 5738 Nounting Screws for Wire Mold Fixture (2 places) Wire Mold Back Cove Wallboard

OPERATION

- Multi-Tech Mode This is the default mode of operation for the sensor. PIR technology turns lights on in this mode; however, motion detection by either technology will keep the lights on. If neither technology detects motion, the lights turn off after the delayed-off time.
- Single-Tech Mode Only one technology is active in this mode. The technology is selected by the dip switches. Motion detection by the selected technology - PIR or ultrasonic - will turn on the lights as well as keep them on. When motion is not detected, the lights will turn off after the delayed-off time.
- Delayed-Off time The sensor is designed to turn the lights off if no motion is detected after a specified time. This length of time is called the delayed-off time and is set using the timer (Black) knob on the sensor. The adapting patterns will modify the delayed-off time to fit the parameters of each installation based on environmental conditions and occupancy patterns
- Walk-through Mode The walk-through feature is useful when a room is momentarily occupied. With this feature, the sensor will turn the lights off shortly after the person leaves the room

The walk-through feature works as follows: When a person enters the room, the lights will turn on. If the person leaves the room before the default walk-through time-out of 2.5 minutes, the sensor will turn the lights off. If the person stays in the room for longer than 2.5 minutes, the sensor will proceed to the standard operation.

LED Operation – There are two LED indicators that will flash when motion is detected. The LED flash can be disabled using the LED disable switch setting (refer to Table 2). Green flash indicates motion detection by ultrasonic technology. Red flash indicates motion detection by infrared technology

Isolated Relay Operation:

The Isolated Relay supports HVAC and other Class 2 low voltage signal lines up to 1A at 30VAC/VDC. It is a single-pole, double throw relay with Normally Open (N/O), Normally Closed (N/C), and Common wires. It follows occupancy such that the N/O wire is connected to common during occupancy.

ADAPTIVE FUNCTIONS

The Sensor continually analyzes the parameters of the motion detection signal and adjusts its internal operation to maximize detection of motion while minimizing the effects of noise (electrical noise, air currents, temperature changes, etc...).

Operation:

When the lights turn on, the sensor initially enters the "walk-through" mode. Once the room is occupied for longer than 2.5 minutes, the sensor exits the "walk-through" mode and enters the "Occupied" mode. When the sensor is first installed, the delayed-off time for the occupied mode is based on the Time adjustment settings. While the sensor is in use, the delayed-off time will change, based on how the sensor adapts to the room conditions. Whenever the sensor subsequently turns on, the value of the delayed-off time will be the adapted value (refer to Occupancy Pattern Learning For Delayed-Off Time).

The adapted settings can be reset using the DIP switch.

Occupancy Pattern Learning For Delayed-Off Time:

The sensor will automatically change the delayed-off time in response to the occupancy and environmental conditions of the space it is installed in. The sensor analyzes the motion signal properties and will minimize the delayed-off time duration when there is frequent motion detection, and lengthen the delayed-off time duration when there is weak and infrequent motion detection.

In the case of a false-off condition (lights turn off when the room is occupied), the delayed-off time duration will immediately be lengthened to prevent further false turn offs.

Occupancy Pattern Learning for Ultrasonic Technology:

The sensor learns the occupancy patterns of a space during the course of a day, for a seven day period. At any given time, the sensor will look at the collected data and adjust its ultrasonic sensitivity. The sensor will adjust the sensitivity to make it less likely to turn on during a period of non-occupancy and more likely to turn on during a period of occupancy. This adapting feature is not applicable when the sensor is in PIR only mode.

SETTINGS

Default Settings:

Adjustment knob settings as per "Factory Default Setting", (refer to Table 1 and Figure 1).

All switches in the OFF position, except A4, which is in the ON position (refer to Table 2).

	TABLE 1 : AJUSTMENT KNOB SETTINGS					
Knob Color	Symbol	Function	Knob Setting	Factory Default Setting		
Green	2:11	Sets the ultrasonic range	Range Setting Full CCW = min. (OFF) Full CW = max.	50 %		
Red	8	Sets the infrared range	Range Setting Full CCW = min. (OFF) Full CW = max.	75 %		
Black	9	Delayed - Off Time	Full CCW = min. (30 sec.) Full CW = max. (30 min.)	50 % (10 min)		

TABLE 2: SWITCH SETTINGS					
Switch	Switch Functions	Switch Settings			
	Bank A	OFF	ON		
A1	Single/Multi-Tech Mode	Multi-Tech	Single Tech		
A2*	PIR/Ultrasonic Mode	PIR	Ultrasonic		
A3	Manual Mode	Auto Adapting Enabled	Auto Adapting Disabled		
A4	Walk-Through Disable	Walk-Through Enabled	Walk-Through Disabled		
	Bank B	OFF	ON		
B1	Override to ON	Auto Mode	Lights Forced ON		
B2	Override to OFF	Auto Mode	Lights Forced OFF		
B3	Test Mode	OFF → ON → OFF = Enter/Exit Test Mode			
B4	LEDs Disable	LEDs Enabled	LEDs Disabled		

*NOTE: This setting is only used if the Single Technology Option (switch A1) is selected.

Test Mode: To set the delayed-off time to 4 seconds for performing a walk test. While the sensor is in test mode, the LED's will flash amber once every 6-7 seconds.

1. ENSURE POWER IS ON.

- Remove front cover.
 Locate Dip Switch 3 in Bank B (B3) (refer to Figure 1). B3 will be in the OFF position
- To enter Test Mode, move switch to ON and back to OFF. The test mode has now been entered with a 4 second time-out. NOTE: If B3 is already in the ON position, then test mode can be entered by just moving it to the OFF position.

NOTEC

- 1. The timer will remain in the 4 second test mode for 15 minutes, then automatically exit test mode and reset to the delayed-off time setting as defined by the black timer knob.
- To manually take the timer out of the 4 second test mode, simply toggle the switch B3 from OFF to ON and back to OFF.

Figure 1 - Minimum and Default Settings

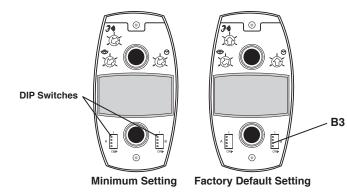
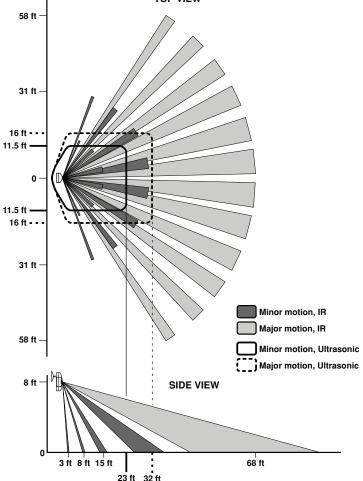




Figure 2 - Field-of-View Ranges
TOP VIEW



Wiring Diagram Multiple Sensor, Single Power Pack

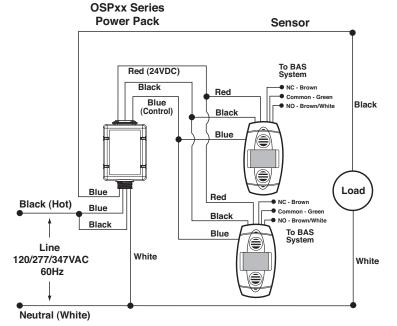


TABLE 3: WIRE DESIGNATIONS							
Name	Color	Gage	Temp/Voltage				
Power (24 VAC/VDC)	Red	22	105° C/ 600V				
Common	Black	22	105° C/ 600V				
Occupancy	Blue	22	105° C/ 600V				
	Brown (N/C)	22	105° C/ 600V				
Relay	Brown/White (N/O)	22	105° C/ 600V				
	Green (Common)	22	105° C/ 600V				

TROUBLESHOOTING

- · Lights do not turn ON
- Circuit breaker or fuse has tripped.
- Low-voltage miswired. To Test: Connect RED to BLUE wire at power pack to force lights ON.
- Line voltage miswired. To Test: Connect BLUE to BLUE relay wires (of power pack) to force the lights ON.

· Lights stay ON

- Constant motion. To Test: Reduce RED knob by 15%; remove motion source. If
- unsatisfactory, move sensor.
- Infrared sensor can "see" into hallway. To Test: Put sensor in timer test mode walk and walk hallway. If lights continue to come ON, move sensor.
- · Light turns ON too long
- Timer setting too high. To Test: Check switch settings. Typical setting is 10 minutes.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

- For technical assistance, contact us at 1-800-824-3005
- Visit our website at www.leviton.com

FCC COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

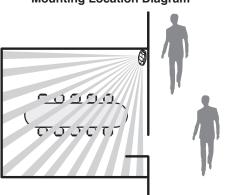
This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B Digital Device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment OFF and ON, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- · Reorient or relocate the receiving Antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/tv technician for help.

FCC CAUTION

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by Leviton Manufacturing Co., Inc., could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Mounting Location Diagram



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LIMITED 5 YEAR WARRANTY AND EXCLUSIONS

Leviton warrants to the original consumer purchaser and not for the benefit of anyone else that this product at the time of its sale by Leviton is free of defects by repair or replacement, at its option, if within such five year period the product at the time of its sale by Leviton is free of defects by repair or replacement, at its option, if within such five years from the purchase date, and a description of the problem to Leviton Manufacturing Co., Inc., Att: Quality Assurance Department, 201 North Service Road, Melville, New York 11747. This warranty excludes and there is disciplination. This warranty excludes and there is disciplination or not in accordance with any labels or instructions or not in accordance with any labels or instructions. There are no other or inclidental, indirect, special, or consequential damages, including mithout limitation, damage to, or loss of use of, any equipment, lost sales or profits warranty obligation. The remedies provided herein are the exclusive remedies under this warranty obligation.