

# **INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS**

# **Magnetic Remote Mounted Transformers**

MAGXFMR 1C 240W 277 2AC BL – 12 volt, 240 watt, single output

MAGXFMR 2C 480W 277 12AC BL - 12 volt, 480 watt, single, dual output

MAGXFMR 1C 150W 277 12AC BL - 12 volt, 150 watt, single output

## SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

### **IMPORTANT SAFEGUARDS:**

When using electrical equipment, always adhere to basic safety precautions including the following:

## IMPORTANT SAFETY / OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Read all instructions.
- Do not conceal or extend exposed conductors through a building wall.
- 3. To reduce the risk of fire and burns, do not install this lighting system where the exposed bare connectors can be shorted or contact any conductive materials.
- To reduce the risk of fire and overheating, make sure all connections are tight.
- Do not install any luminaire closer than 6 inches (15.25cm) from any curtain, or similar combustible material.
- Turn off electrical power before modifying the lighting system in any way.
- 7. These transformers are intended for use with Juno Trac 12 Series or Trac 12/25 Series or Flex 12 Series low voltage lighting system only.
- lighting system only.

  8. Install transformer on a wall or other vertical surface.
- Do not install in confined or unventilated areas that may entrap heat.
- **10.** Do not allow transformer to come in contact with insulation.
- Do not install in wet or damp locations or outdoors.
- 12. Do not install in a non-accessible location. Units are equipped with a manually resettable magnetic circuit breaker that will trip in the event of a short circuit or overload condition.
- **13.** Use only 10 or 12 gauge wire to connect the transformer output to the Trac.
- 14. MAGXFMR 1C 240W 277 12AC BL, MAGXFMR 2C 480W 277 12AC BL and MAGXFMR 1C 150W 277 12AC BL transformers should be dimmed only with dimmers specifically designed for use with magnetic transformers. When used in conjunction with a non-resistive LED load, these transformers should be dimmed using only dimmers qualified for this application by Juno Lighting Group as listed on Juno specification sheet,

- which can be accessed at <a href="www.juno-lightinggroup.com">www.juno-lightinggroup.com</a>. Use of dimmers not qualified by Juno Lighting Group for this application can result in flicker, reduced dimming range and erratic performance. The dimmer must only be connected to the 277 volt input wires providing power to the transformer.
- 15. All units are equipped with a terminal block. The inputs are labeled PRI and the outputs labeled SEC.
- 16. The MAGXFMR 1C 240W 277 12AC BL transformer has one output, while the MAGXFMR 2C 480W 277 12AC BL transformer has two outputs, each capable of delivering 20 amps or 240 watts at 12 volts. The MAGXFMR 1C 150W 277 12AC BL transformer has one 12.5 amp, 150 watt output. The first output consists of two terminals labeled 12VAC SEC and COM SEC. The second output consists of two additional terminals labeled 12VAC SEC 2 and COM SEC 2.
- 17. The maximum load applied to each output must not exceed the transformer rating. The load does not need to be balanced on the transformer with two outputs. Since lighter loads result in higher lamp voltage, and lamp voltage should never exceed 11.8 volts, the total load on the transformer typically should not be less than 1/2 of its maximum rated capacity.
- 18. Connect ground wire to the GND terminal.
- 19. Applying 277 volts across the COM PRI and 277VAC PRI input terminals will provide nominal 12 volts across the output terminals. Applying 277 volts across the COM PRI and BOOST PRI input terminals will provide nominal 13 volts across the output terminals. Use boost connection only if the voltage at the first lamp is less than 11.0 volts.
- 20. Do not apply 277 volts across the 277VAC PRI and BOOST PRI input terminals

#### INSTALLATION

- Select a mounting location for the transformer, taking care to observe the above listed safety / operating instructions.
- Choose the appropriate wire gauge, and determine the proper wire length and transformer input, based on the desired lamp load and the table on the back of this sheet.
- Mount the transformer and Trac to the desired surface. Run AC power lines to the transformer and output wires from the transformer to the Trac.
- 4. In order to avoid nuisance tripping of the panel circuit breaker, it is recommended that the use of a high magnetic type circuit breaker be selected for this and all high power magnetic type transformer loads
- power, magnetic type transformer loads.

  5. Connect the input and output wires to the transformer per the diagram on the case, information provided on this sheet and local electrical codes.
- Connect the other end of the output wires to the Trac Feed.
- Ensure that all electrical connections are tight. This step is essential for a reliable installation.
- Install the lamps into the fixtures and the fixtures onto the Trac.
   Apply AC power. Confirm that all fixtures
- Apply AC power. Confirm that all fixtures function acceptably. Measure the voltage at the first lamp. Confirm that the voltage is between 11.0 and 11.8 volts.

#### WARRANTY

Limited warranty located at:

www.acuitybrands.com/customerresources/terms and conditions.aspx

Technical Services Phone (888) 387-2212



# INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

### **GUIDELINES FOR A TROUBLE-FREE LOW VOLTAGE INSTALLATION**

1. IMPROPER WIRE GAUGE OR POOR WIRE CONNECTIONS CAN RESULT IN PRODUCT FAILURE.

These transformers reduce the line voltage by a factor of ten. To achieve the same power levels at the lamp, the output current is increased by the same factor of ten. To accommodate these high current levels, heavy gauge wire and secure connections are essential, or product failure can result.

240 WATTS = 277 VOLTS x 0.87 AMPS

240 WATTS = 12 VOLTS x 20 AMPS

2. LAMP VOLTAGE CAN BE AFFECTED BY NUMEROUS FACTORS.

Many factors will affect the voltage delivered to the load. Below is a list of these factors and examples of their affects:

A. Variations in transformer input voltage. 11.7V @ 277V input 12.3V @ 291V input (+5%)

B. Using the "277V" or "BOOST" transformer input. 11.7V (277V input) 12.5V (BOOST input)

C. Use of a dimmer to control the transformer. 11.7V (no dimmer) 11.1V (with dimmer set at maximum)

D. The amount of load applied to the transformer.

E. Length of wire between transformer and trac.

F. Gauge of wire between transformer and trac.

11.7V @ 240W

11.7V @ 5 feet (#12)

11.7V @ 25 feet (#12)

11.7V (#10 @ 20 feet)

11.7V (#12 @ 20 feet)

11.7V room temp.

11.4V max. temp.

3. EXCESSIVE LAMP VOLTAGE AND TEMPERATURE CAN DRASTICALLY REDUCE LAMP LIFE.

Lamp life is directly affected by the applied voltage. Excess voltage as little as 1/4 volt over 12 volts can reduce lamp life by as much as 40%. Some of the factors listed above can be chosen, while others cannot, and therefore must be compensulated for.

4. CHOOSE THE CORRECT PARAMETERS FOR THE APPLICATIONS

In general, for a fully loaded transformer, use the 277V input and 12 guage wire for runs up to 15 feet. For runs from 15 to 25 feet, use the BOOST input and 12 guage wire. For longer runs, use 10 gauge wire and/or decrease the load as decribed in the table below.

### TABLE PREDICTING VOLTAGE AT FIRST LAMP FOR VARIOUS WIRE LENGTHS, GUAGES, INPUT AND LOADS

Distance from Transformer to 1st Lamp	277V INPUT				BOOST INPUT			
	12V, 20A, 240W		12V, 12.5A, 120W		12V, 20A, 240W		12V, 20.5A, 120W	
	#12	#10	#12	#10	#12	#10	#12	#10
5	11.668	11.792	12.193	12.270	12.468	12.592	13.093	13.170
10	11.336	11.584	11.985	12.140	12.136	12.384	12.885	13.040
15	11.004	11.376	11.778	12.010	11.804	12.176	12.678	12.910
20	10.672	11.168	11.570	11.880	11.472	11.968	12.470	12.780
25	10.340	10.960	11.363	11.750	11.140	11.760	12.263	12.650
30	10.008	10.752	11.155	11.620	10.808	11.552	12.055	12.520
40	9.344	10.336	10.740	11.360	10.144	11.136	11.640	12.260
45	9.012	10.128	10.533	11.230	9.812	10.928	11.433	12.130
65	7.684	9.296	9.703	10.710	8.484	0.096	10.603	11.610
75	7.020	8.880	9.288	10.450	7.820	9.680	10.188	11.350
110	4.696	7.424	7.835	9.540	5.496	8.224	8.735	10.440

The shaded areas represent the suggested operating range of 11.0 to 12.0 volts at the first lamp on the trac. Juno suggests that the voltage measured at the first lamp be between 11.0 and 11.8 volts for 12V incandescent lamps and between 11.4 and 12.0 volts for 12V LED fixtures. Do not exceed 12 volts. A voltmeter should be used to confirm that the proper voltage is present.

5. A VOLTMETER SHOULD BE USED TO CONFIRM THAT THE PROPER VOLTAGE IS PRESENT

After the installation is complete, a voltmeter should be used to insure that suggested lamp voltages are not being exceeded. The voltage should be measured at the first lamp on the trac. Since some of the factors listed above are constantly changing some allowance should be made for variations in voltage.

Juno suggests that the voltage measured at the first lamp be between 11.0 and 11.8 volts for 12V incandescent lamps (between 11.4 and 12.0 volts for 12V LED fixtures).